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Author	Year	Country	Sample	Gender	Age span	Cancer	Method
Aoun	2015	Australia	N=43	21 women, 22 men	52 - 91	lung	biographical disruption
			(brief interviews)			ovarian	thematic content analysis
			N=8	4 women, 4 men	56 - 86	breast	
			(in-depth interviews)			stomach	
						lymphoma	
						prostate	
						unknown primary...	
						adenocarcinoma	
Bentur	2014	Israel	N=22	14 women, 8 men	39 - 76	breast	phenomenological approach
						lung	
						melanoma	
						colon	
						neuroblastoma	
						pancreatic	
						adenocarcinoma	
Dale	2011	Scotland (UK)	N=6	4 women, 2 men	67 - 81	lung	thematic analysis
Devik	2013	Norway	N=5	3 women, 2 men	71 - 79	not specified	phenomenological hermeneutic approach
Devik	2015	Norway	N=9	5 women, 4 men	71 - 92	not specified	Phenomenological hermeneutic approach
Fan	2012	Taiwan	N=33	11 women, 22 men	31 - 76	liver	IPA

Hansen	2015	USA	N=14	3 women, 11 men	54 - 68	hepatocellular (liver)	conventional content analysis
Haug	2015	Norway	N=21	9 women, 12 men	70 - 88	colon	systematic text condensation
						prostate	(phenomenological)
						female breast	
						lung	
						lymph/blood	
						urinary tract	
						skin	
Karlsson	2014	Sweden	N=14	7 women, 7 men	49 - 79	gastrointestinal	phenomenological life-world approach
La Cour	2012	Denmark	N=7	5 women, 2 men	39 - 67	lung	analysis guided by Heideggers'
						colon	"Being and Time" (2008, reference 17.)
						breast	
Levy	2015	England (UK)	N=5	5 men	50 - 72	prostate	IPA
McTiernan	2015	Ireland	N=8	6 women, 2 men	36 - 68	not specified	IPA
Missel	2011	Denmark	N=5	not specified	43 - 76	oesophageal	phenomenological hermeneutic approach
Nedjat-Haiem	2013	USA	N=24	24 women	35-79	lung	phenomenological approach
						liver	
						breast	
						ovarian	

						no others mentioned	
Nilmanat	2015	Thailand	N=15	11 women, 4 men	30 - 72	cervical	longitudinal qualitative case study
						urogenital	inductive qualitative analysis (Patton)
						lung	
						head and neck	
						breast	
						colon	
Nissim	2012	Canada	N=27	15 women, 12 men	45 - 82	lung	variant of the grounded theory method
						gastrointestinal	
Oehlen	2013	Sweden	N=14	7 women, 7 men	49 - 79	gastrointestinal	phenomenological life-world approach
						- liver	analysis: phenomenological hermeneutic
						- colon	
Philip	2014	Australia	N=10	4 women, 6 men	40 - 70	glioma (brain)	grounded theory approach
Saeteren	2011	Norway	N=15	6 women, 9 men	47 - 76	not specified	hermeneutic approach
Sjoevall	2011	Sweden	N=12	5 women, 7 men	40 - 78	colorectal	content analysis
Stapleton	2015	UK	N=8	8 men	26 - 68	sarcoma	Colaizzi's seven stage framework
						renal	
						gastric	
						oesophageal	
						lung	
						prostate	

						colon	
						thymoma	
Wiik	2011	Norway	N=5	3 women, 2 men	70 - 79	stomach	case-study approach
						intestinal	naturalistic, qualitative methodology
						not specified	
Willig	2015	England (UK)	N=10	9 women, 1 man	mid 30s - early 80s	breast	hermeneutic phenomenological approach